# LIVING FACTSHEET: MANAGEMENT AND CARE OF PEOPLE WITH JAPANESE ENCEPHALITIS VIRUS (JEV) IN AUSTRALIA



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# What we know about management and care of people with JEV

- Since 1 January 2021, 45 people have been infected with JEV in Australia.
- There are no known effective specific treatments for patients with JEV. Care for patients with JEV is supportive and aims to reduce symptoms
- Most people infected with JEV have no or mild symptoms and can be managed with rest, fluids and paracetamol
- Initial symptoms of JEV often include fever, headache, and vomiting.
- In people who develop severe illness:
  - o Symptoms may include neck stiffness, disorientation, tremors, seizures
  - o Illness may lead to coma, paralysis, permanent neurological complications or death
  - o Hospitalisation is required
- A small number of trials of potential treatments for JEV are underway
- JEV is a vaccine preventable disease, with two vaccines (Imojev and JEspect [Ixiaro]) currently registered for use in Australia

### What we don't know about management and care of people with JEV

• Whether specific treatments might help in people with JEV

## What the Taskforce is doing about management and care of people with JEV

- We are running monthly searches to identify emerging evidence to guide management and care of people with JEV
- As evidence becomes available to guide treatment decisions, we may produce evidence-based guidelines

### **Key References, Resources and Guidelines**

Australian Government Department of Health and Aged Care

- About: https://www.health.gov.au/health-alerts/japanese-encephalitis-virus-jev/about
- Outbreak information https://www.health.gov.au/diseases/japanese-encephalitis

US Centers for Disease Control and Prevention

• Information for Healthcare Providers https://www.cdc.gov/japaneseencephalitis/healthcareproviders/healthcareproviders-clinlabeval.html